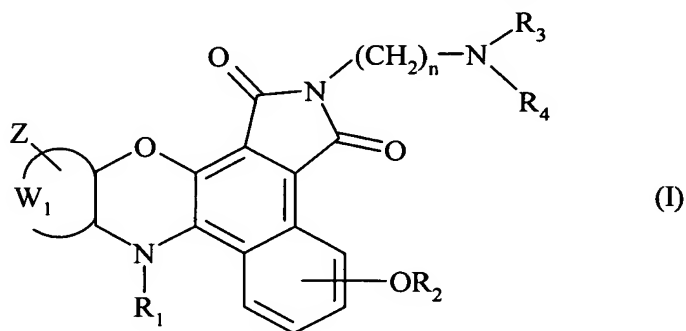


LISTING OF CLAIMS

## CLAIMS 1-13 (CANCELED)

14. (NEW) A compound selected from those of formula (I) :



wherein :

- 5     •  $W_1$  together with the carbon atoms to which it is bonded, represents phenyl or pyridyl,
- $Z$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, halogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, aryloxy, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy in which the alkoxy moiety may be linear or branched, hydroxy and linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,
- 10   •  $R_1$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched,  $-C(O)-R_5$ , or linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylene substituted by one or more identical or different groups selected from halogen, cyano,  $-OR_6$ ,  $-NR_6R_7$ ,  $-CO_2R_6$ ,  $-C(O)R_6$  and  $-C(O)-NHR_6$ ,

15     wherein:

⇒  $R_5$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched and aryloxy, .....

⇒  $R_6$  and  $R_7$ , which may be identical or different, each represents a group selected from hydrogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl and aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, or

$R_6$  and  $R_7$  together, with the nitrogen atom carrying them, form a monocyclic heterocycle that has from 5 to 6 ring atoms, and which optionally contains in the ring system a second hetero atom selected from oxygen and nitrogen,

- $R_2$  represents hydrogen or  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O}-R_8$  wherein :

5  $R_8$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched,  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_t-R_6$  wherein  $R_6$  is as defined hereinbefore and  $t$  represents integer of from 0 to 2 inclusive or  $T_1-R_9$  wherein  $T_1$  represents linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylene and  $R_9$  represents a group selected from halogen, cyano,  $-\text{OR}_6$ ,  $-\text{NR}_6R_7$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{H}$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}_6$  and  
10  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$  wherein  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  are as defined hereinbefore,

- $R_3$  and  $R_4$ , which may be identical or different, each represents, a group selected from hydrogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, or

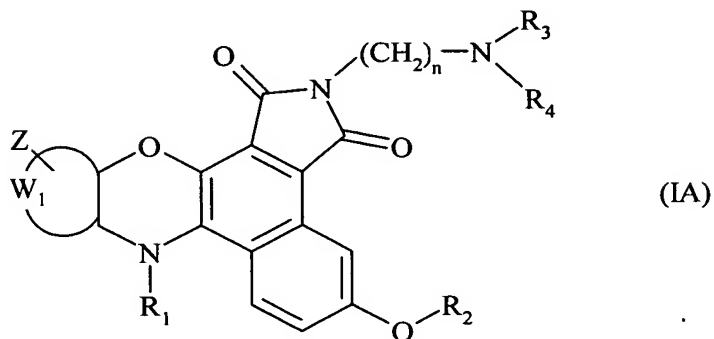
15  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  together, with the nitrogen atom carrying them, form a monocyclic heterocycle that has from 5 to 6 ring atoms and which optionally contains in the ring system a second hetero atom selected from oxygen and nitrogen,

- $n$  represents an integer of from 1 to 6 inclusive,

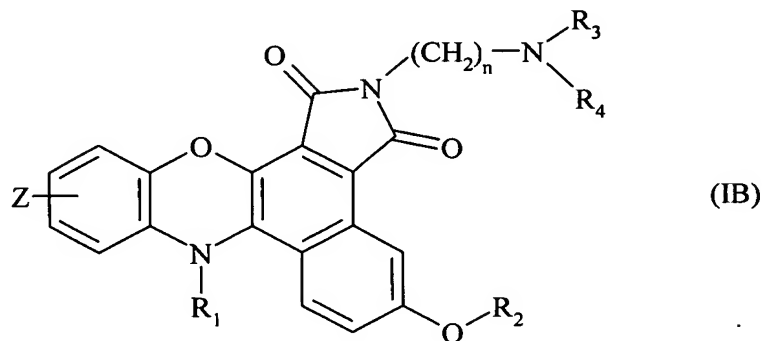
it being understood that:

20 aryl may be a phenyl, naphthyl, dihydronaphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indenyl or indanyl group, each of those groups being optionally substituted by one or more identical or different groups selected from halogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ trihaloalkyl, hydroxy, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, and amino optionally substituted by one or two linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl groups.

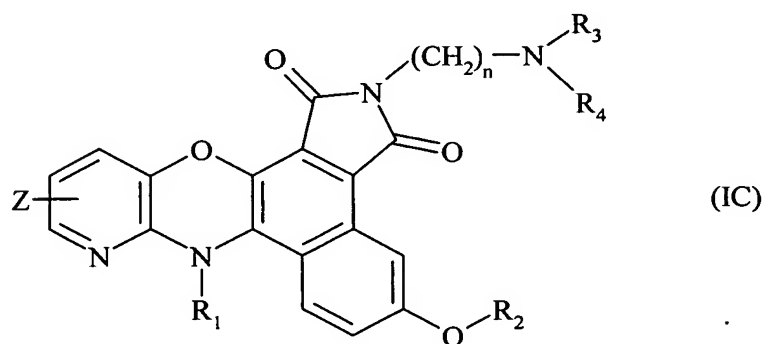
15. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, which is a compound of formula (IA) :



16. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, which is a compound of formula (IB) :



5 17. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, which is a compound of formula (IC) :

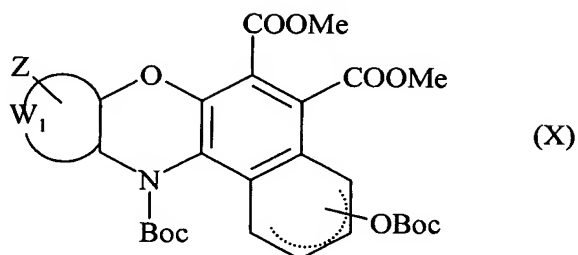


18. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, wherein  $Z$  represents hydrogen.

19. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, wherein  $R_1$  represents hydrogen or  $-C(O)-R_5$  wherein  $R_5$  represents hydrogen.

20. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, wherein  $R_2$  represents hydrogen or  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O}-R_8$  wherein  $R_8$  represents hydrogen.
21. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, wherein  $n$  represents 2.
22. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14, wherein  $R_3$  and  $R_4$ , which may be identical or different, each represents a linear or branched ( $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ )alkyl group.
23. (NEW) A compound of Claim 14 which is selected from :
- 2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-5-hydroxybenzo[a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]phenoxazine-1,3-dione,
  - 2-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-5-hydroxybenzo[a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]phenoxazine-1,3-dione,
  - 2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]phenoxazine-8-carbaldehyde-1,3-dione,
  - 2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethoxy)benzo[a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]-phenoxazine-1,3-dione,
  - 2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethylmethanesulphonate)-benzo[a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]phenoxazine-1,3-dione, and
  - 2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethoxy)benzo[e]pyrido[2',3':5,6][1,4]-oxazino[3,2-g]isoindole-1,3-dione.
24. (NEW) A method for treating a living animal body, including a human, afflicted with cancer comprising the step of administering to the living animal body, including a human, an amount of a compound of Claim 14, which is effective for alleviation of cancer.
25. (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition useful in treating cancer comprising as active principle an effective amount of a compound of Claim 14, together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients or vehicles.

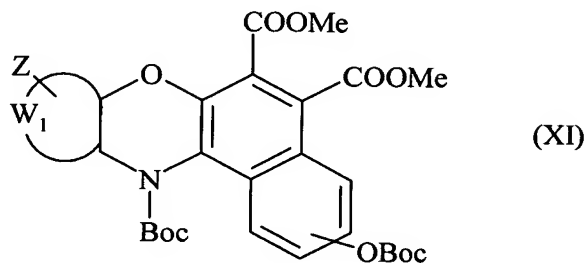
26. (NEW) A compound selected from those of formula (X), (XI) and (XIV) :



wherein :

- $W_1$  together with the carbon atoms to which it is bonded, represents phenyl or pyridyl,
- $Z$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, halogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, aryloxy, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy in which the alkoxy moiety may be linear or branched, hydroxy and linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,
- Boc represents a tert-butoxycarbonyl group, and
- $\text{---}$  represents a single or double bond

27. (NEW) A compound selected from those of formula (XI):



wherein :

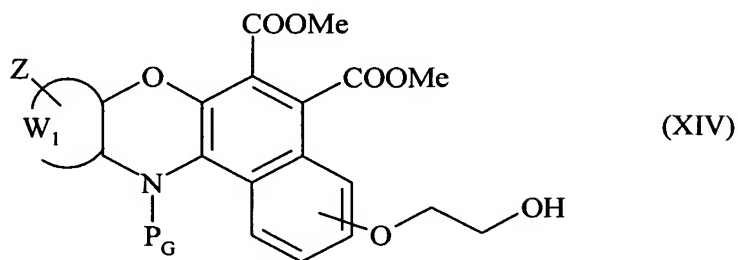
- $W_1$  together with the carbon atoms to which it is bonded, represents phenyl or pyridyl,
- $Z$  represents a group selected from hydrogen, halogen, linear or branched  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, aryloxy,

and linear or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy, and

- Boc represents a tert-butoxycarbonyl group.

5

**28. (NEW)** A compound selected from those of formula (XIV):



wherein :

- W<sub>1</sub> together with the carbon atoms to which it is bonded, represents phenyl or pyridyl,
- Z represents a group selected from hydrogen, halogen, linear or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, aryl, aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl in which the alkyl moiety may be linear or branched, aryloxy, aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy in which the alkoxy moiety may be linear or branched, hydroxy and linear or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy, and
- P<sub>G</sub> represents a protecting group.

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